

## [UPDATED 2022 Getting CTAL-ATT Certification Made Easy! [Q21-Q45]



### [UPDATED 2022 Getting CTAL-ATT Certification Made Easy! CTAL-ATT Exam Crack Test Engine Dumps Training With 42 Questions NEW QUESTION 21

Which of the following best describes when the test automation suite should be updated in order to keep up with the development of new/changed software?

- \* At the end of each iteration after the completion of manual testing
- \* At the end of each release during regression testing
- \* At the start of each iteration during planning
- \* During each iteration as the code is received

### NEW QUESTION 22

You are working in a project that developed a product that has reached a stable state and is deployed on different HW configurations all over Europe.

Your management decided to use your project as Proof of Concept for adopting CI as a new way of working. The POC was implemented on one set of hardware and was successful.

Which of the following actions is a good next step?

- \* Reduce the number of tests in the CI test suite, to improve the benefit of the CI approach
- \* Enable different test configurations in the CI process to test different configurations that are deployed in the market
- \* Implement code to dynamically select CI tests, executing only test cases affected by changes
- \* Speed up test execution by decreasing the amount of User Interface (UI) testing to get faster feedback from the CI tests

### NEW QUESTION 23

You have been working to define acceptance tests for a story. You think this will help tailor your testing. You have asked the product owner to be involved as well. You are currently looking at this story:

As a pet owner

I want to purchase food online

So that it can be delivered to my house when I need it

Which of the following is the preferred way to solicit information from the product owner to better understand what will be acceptable?

- \* Propose the following acceptance criteria

Purchase below the limit for free delivery

Purchase above the limit for free delivery

Request store pickup

- \* Explain boundary value analysis to the product owner and have them indicate the appropriate boundaries to test
- \* Work with the product owner to elicit examples of how they would use the software. Combine their examples with testing techniques to flesh out the set of acceptance criteria
- \* Create the following acceptance criteria and review them with the product owner: Login, Verify password, reset, Verify account details, Update account details, Browse and select food, Add to cart, Remove from cart, Add more items to cart, Select delivery, Remove items from cart until delivery is no longer free, Checkout and verify the delivery charge is added, Browse again and select food, Select delivery and verify it is free, Checkout and verify no delivery charge is added

### NEW QUESTION 24

Whose perspective should be used when a user story is created?

- \* User acceptance tester
- \* End user
- \* Stakeholder paying for the project
- \* Automated user software

### NEW QUESTION 25

Which of the following is an example of how continuous testing facilitates continuous delivery?

- \* Automated testing conducted in the delivery environment helps validate that the delivery has been successful
- \* Continuous testing is the process that delivers the code to the test environment
- \* Automated testing removes the need to report defects so the code can move more quickly toward production
- \* Continuous testing supports continuous delivery to production by constantly regression testing the software in the production environment so problems are identified quickly

### NEW QUESTION 26

Refactoring of test cases is needed in agile projects for many reasons.

Which of the following statements about the refactoring of test cases is correct?

- \* Refactoring of test cases is done to match and evolve the test cases due to changing functionality. The main benefits include improving the regression test cases and the continued alignment of the tests with the code base and product functionality
- \* Refactoring of test cases is needed because we cannot write and maintain detailed test cases in the short iterations associated with agile. The main benefits include aligning the pace of testing with development and the ability to quickly create new test cases
- \* In general, in the agile world refactoring is a way to clean up test cases by making them shorter. The main benefits include the ability to write test cases quickly, being able to test faster using short test cases, and being able to automate them quickly
- \* Refactoring of test cases is done as a process with the following steps: Identification, Refactor, Re-run, and Identify again. The main benefits include improving the regression test cases and maintaining the alignment of tests with the code base and product functionality

### NEW QUESTION 27

As the leader of the marketing department, I want to have a content management system so that my employees can edit and provide quality content to the readers; Which of the following requirements engineering techniques would be the MOST effective for identifying and prioritizing user stories for the given Epic?

- \* Storyboarding
- \* Story mapping
- \* Defining Personas
- \* Class Diagrams
- \* Use Cases

### NEW QUESTION 28

You have been asked to supply the list of keywords for a keyword-driven test automation script that will be used to test the following story As a customer I want to be able to add and delete items from my shopping cart, so that I can buy the right number of items and still get free shipping on some of the items The automation will add and delete items from a customer's shopping cart and will then verify that the total shipping cost is correct The test automation library has a large set of keywords that have been coded to support this ecommerce site Which of the following is the smallest set of keywords that contains the ones needed to support testing this story?

- \* Add Item View Cart Compute Shipping
- \* Login Add Item, Delete Item Checkout, Compute Cart Total, Compute Shipping Complete Order
- \* Login Add Item Checkout Compute Cart Total Compute Shipping, Complete Order
- \* Login Add Item Delete Item View Cart Compute Shipping

### NEW QUESTION 29

Consider the following section of pseudocode

```
function getPassword() {  
    var x;  
    var y;  
    var z;  
    var passwordGood = false  
  
    // Get password from user, user is allowed 3 tries  
    do until x = 3  
        call getPasssword (password)  
        if password is good  
            x = 3  
            passwordGood = true  
        else  
            x = x + 1  
            display "Password is not valid, try again"  
        endif  
    If passwordGood <> true
```

Display "You exceeded the number of tries to enter a password. Your account is now locked. Call customer.

```
endif  
endloop  
}
```

For this section of code, which of the following issues should be identified during a code review?

1. Variables have not been properly defined with meaningful names
2. There are unused variables defined
3. Divisors are not tested for zero
4. Loop counters are not properly initialized
5. There are endless loops
6. There are statements within the loop that should be outside the loop

- \* 1, 3, 4, 5
- \* 7, 3, 4, 6
- \* 2, 3, 5, 6
- \* 1, 2, 4, 6

### NEW QUESTION 30

Your organization has been making animal food dispensers for free-range chickens and has been using a combination of test automation exploratory testing and some black-box testing on all products. The company has been using the following approach to the testing of the high-risk items:

Exploratory testing = 85%

Black-box testing = 15%

Test automation = coverage goal is 25% but time is only allocated to automation if no other testing is needed, so the coverage is currently about 5% and the automation suite is run only infrequently.

The company has decided to modify their product and use it for pill dispensing for pharmacies. Regardless of the mechanical challenges of this modification you now have to determine how testing should be adjusted for this safety critical application. Which of the following would follow the guidelines in the syllabus for the testing approach for the high-risk items?

\* Exploratory testing = 85%

Black-box testing = 15%

Test automation = 25% coverage executed infrequently

\* Exploratory testing = 15%

Black box testing = 85%

Test automation = 25%, executed for every code release

\* Exploratory testing = 50% Black box testing = 50%

Test automation = 50% coverage executed before every production release

\* Exploratory testing = 25% Black-box testing = 75%

Test automation = 75% coverage executed for every code release

### NEW QUESTION 31

You have been given the following story

As a shopper

I want to scan my membership card

So that I get all the discounts I'm entitled to receive

Which of the following is the correct use of BDD to design test scenarios?

\* Given that the shopper scans their card

When they checkout

Then they should receive all the quantity discounts for everything they have purchased

\* As a store clerk

I want to scan a customer's card

So that their total includes their discounts

\* Given that I have scanned my card

I expect to receive my discounts

And an itemized list of what I bought

\* Given that a card is scanned

Then discounts should be applied

When the customer checks out

### **NEW QUESTION 32**

Which of the following is a correct statement?

- \* Test automation is a procedure
- \* Test automation is a test objective
- \* Test automation is a strategy
- \* Test automation is a methodology

### **NEW QUESTION 33**

Which of the following statements about performing exploratory testing with test charters is correct?

- \* In contrast to black-box testing, the expected result is documented after a defect is found and not as part of test design
- \* Test charters are a useful tool to be used for testing when a detailed specification for the system under test is available
- \* The result of performing exploratory testing by using test charters is finding defects and specification defects
- \* Exploratory testing and black-box testing use the same metrics for measuring test coverage

### **NEW QUESTION 34**

You have to review the following user story that will be developed and tested during the next Sprint:

As a potential conference attendee, I want to be able to register for the conference online, so that registration is simple and paperless.

The following acceptance criteria are also mentioned:

i) Payment can be made via PayPal, Debit or Credit Cards

ii) An acknowledgement email is sent to the attendee after submitting the form iii) Protection against spam is working as expected  
iv) Information from the form is stored in the registrations database v) All incorrect user inputs are flagged by the system Which of the following correctly shows which acceptance criteria are testable?

\* ii, iv, v are testable

- \* i, iii, v are testable
- \* i, ii, iv are testable
- \* iii, iv, v are testable

### **NEW QUESTION 35**

What is a virtualized service?

- \* A stateless mock service that provides simple responses to requests
- \* A software service that is developed by another organization, but used in the production software as an integral part of a software product.
- \* A stateful mock service that appears to provide same behavior and data handling as the real service without actually performing the processing.
- \* A set of simple stubs used to provide positive acknowledgements for all messages received

### **NEW QUESTION 36**

You are developing a test automation suite for an agile project and want to include as much coverage as possible Unfortunately one of the critical web services (e-commerce checkout) is not scheduled for completion until the later iterations Which of the following would be a good option to allow you to progress with your end-to-end test automation without creating too much extra work?

- \* Write the missing web service yourself and then hand over that code to the developers for further refinement
- \* Have the automation create a stub to replace the service for each execution and destroy the stub after execution is complete
- \* Use a service virtualization tool to create a virtualized service to be used by the test automation
- \* Use a service from a legacy product and integrate it with the system to allow use by the test automation

**CTAL-ATT Exam Dumps Contains FREE Real Questions from the Actual Exam:**

<https://www.exams4sures.com/ISQI/CTAL-ATT-practice-exam-dumps.html>